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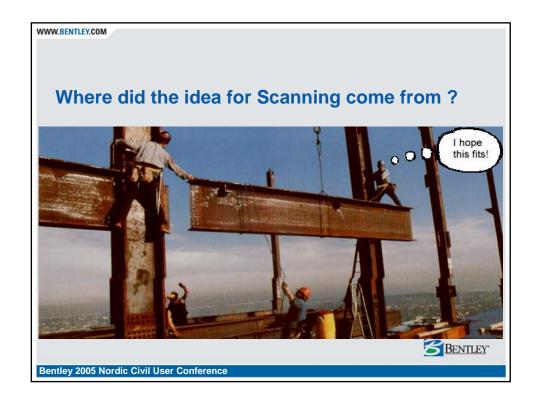
Topics to Cover

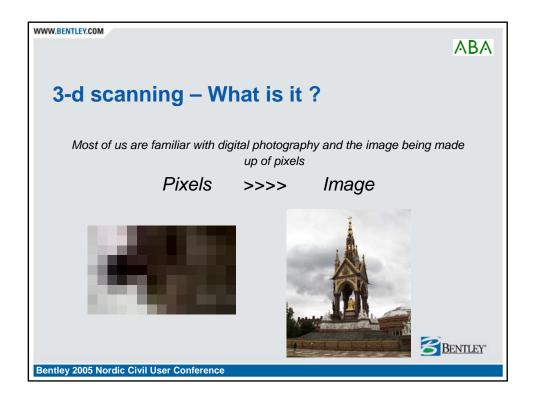
- Introduction to Scanning Technology
- The issues that relate to the survey of the operational railway
- Some of the current business drivers
- Review of a number of case studies by scanning and data acquisition organisations
- A look into the future for track measuring and scanning
- Discussion and Question and Answer

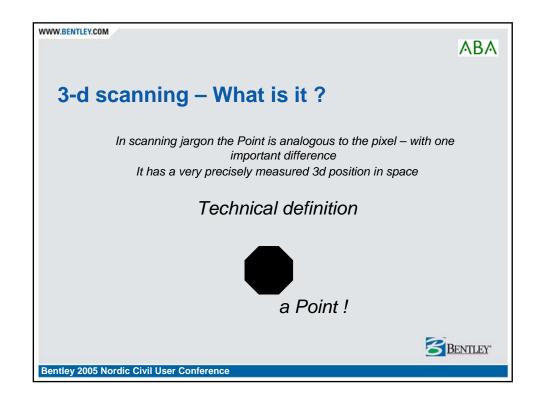


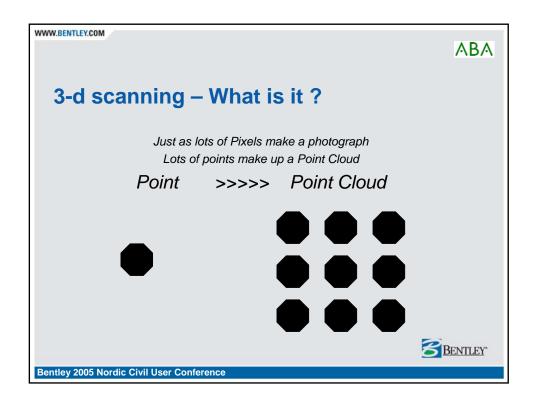
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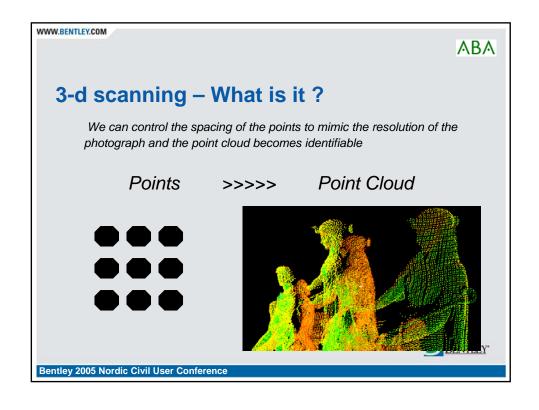


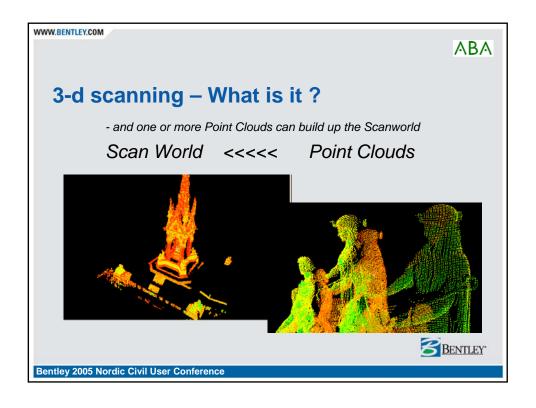


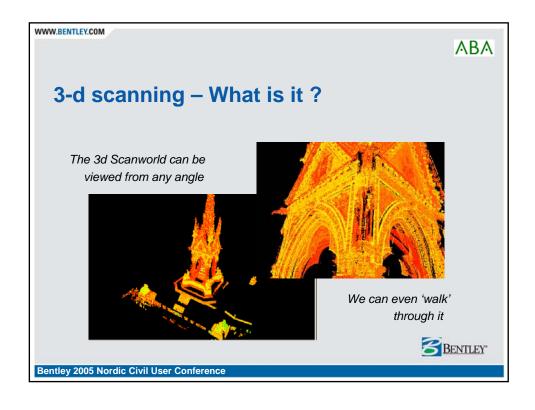


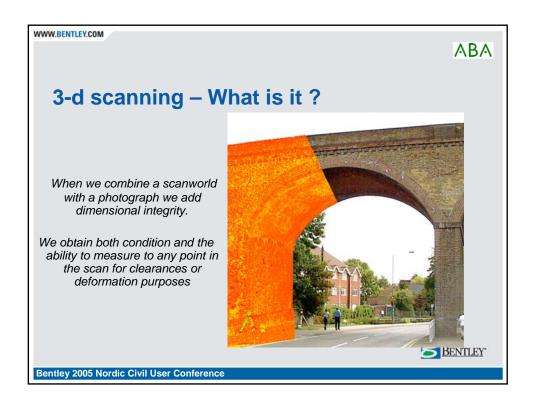






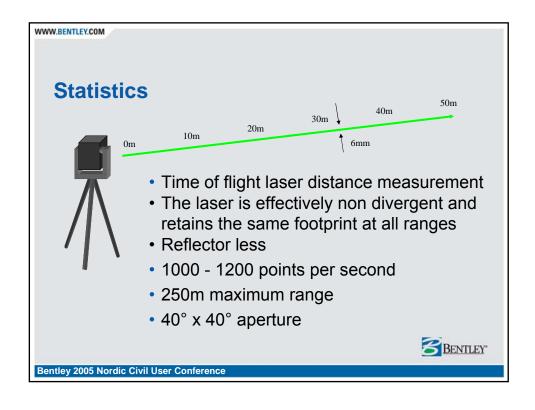


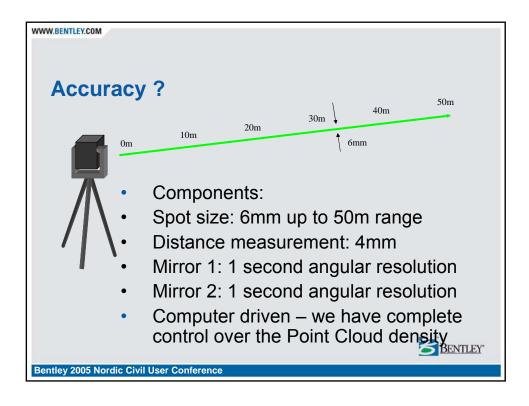


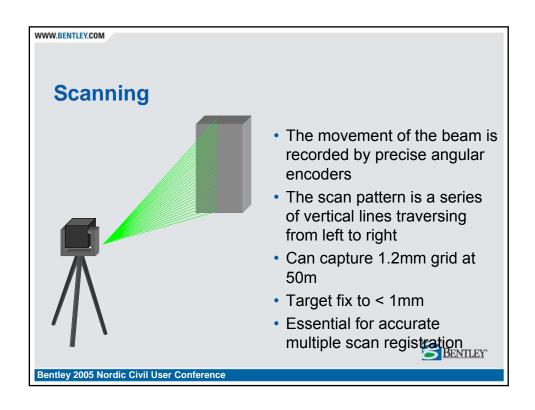


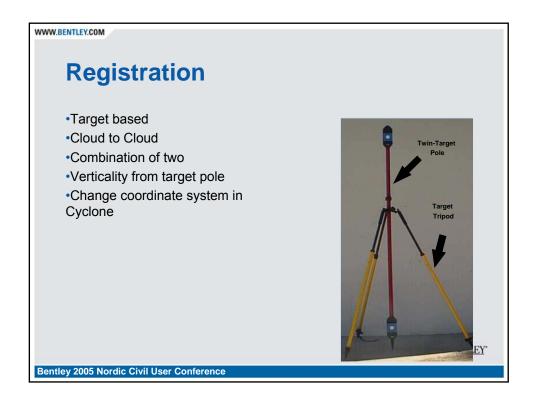


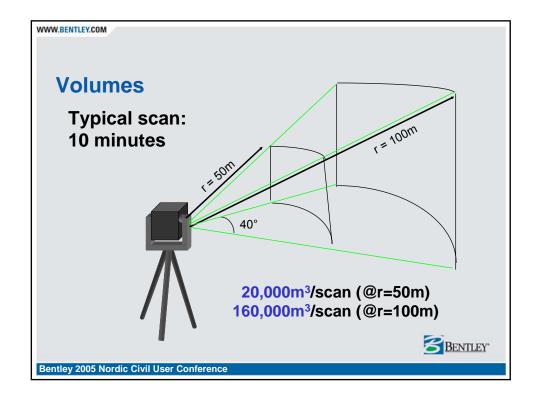


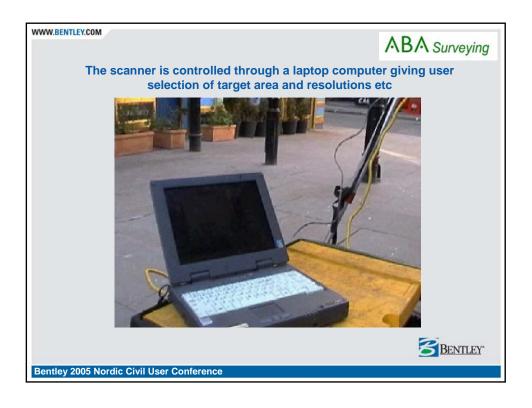


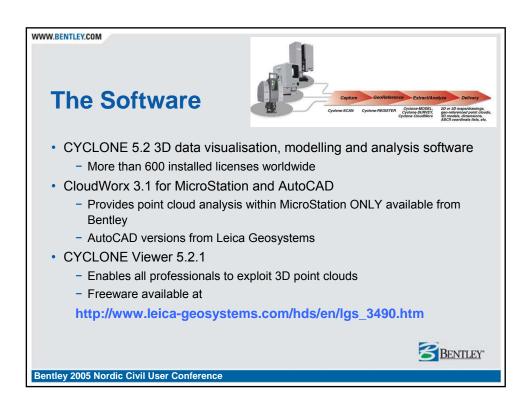


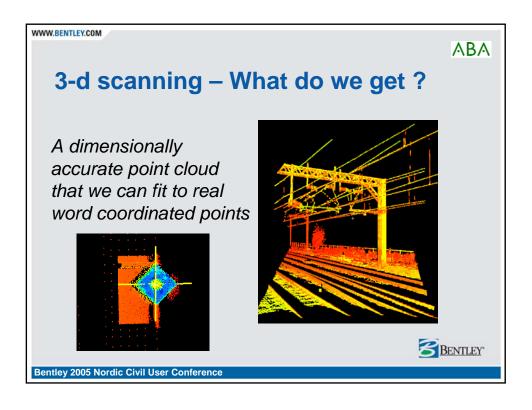


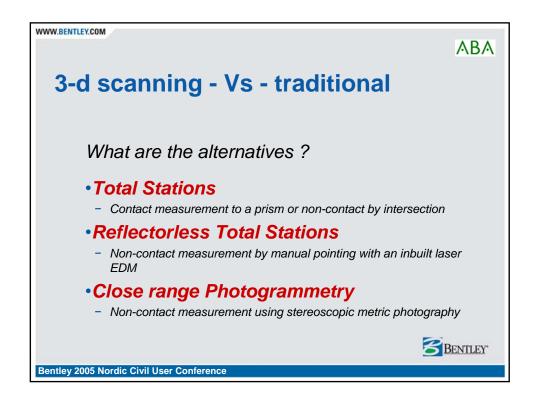


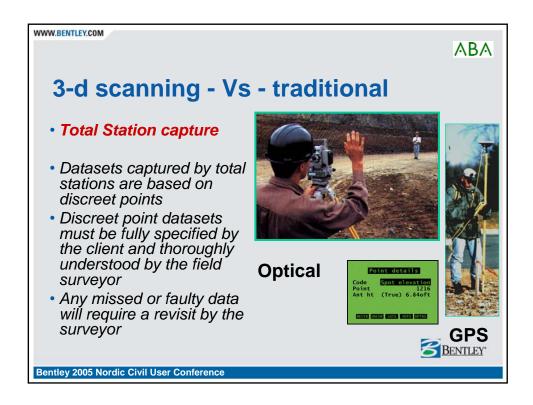


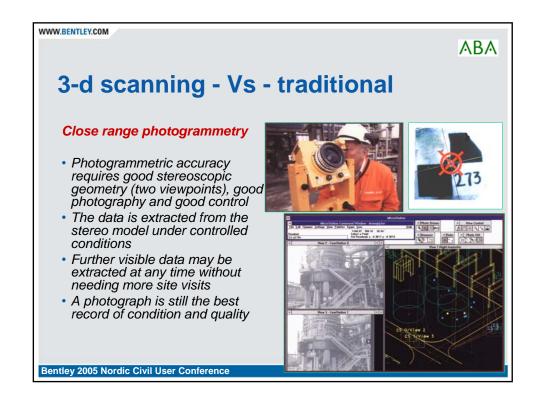


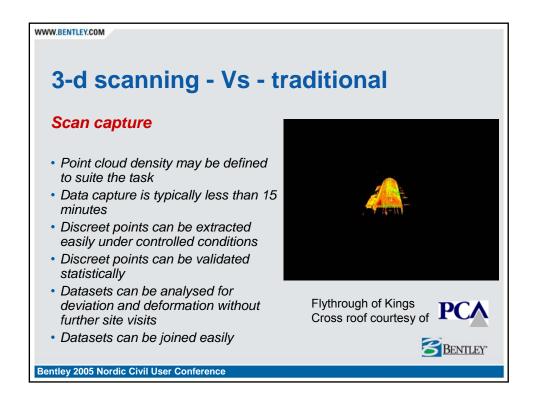


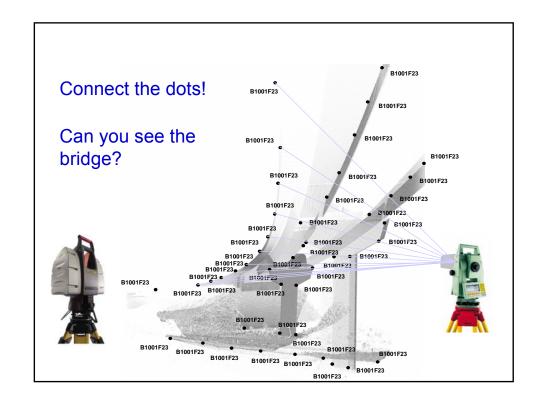


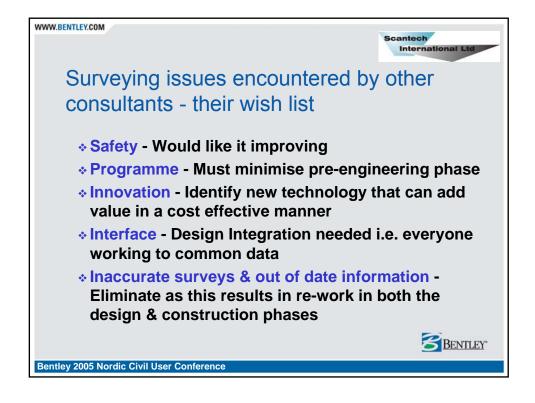


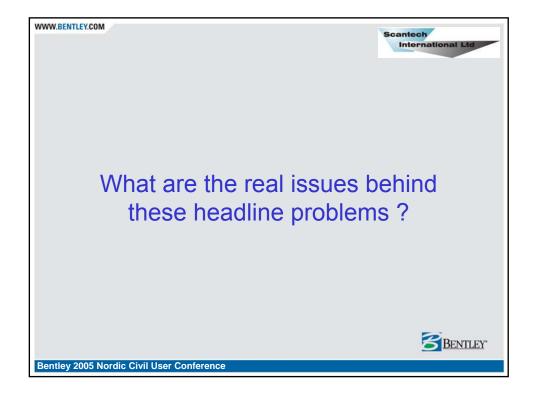


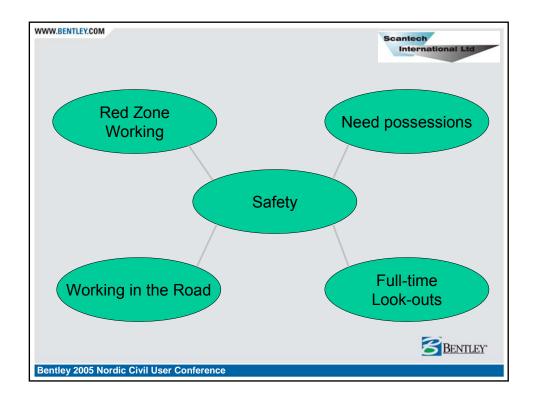


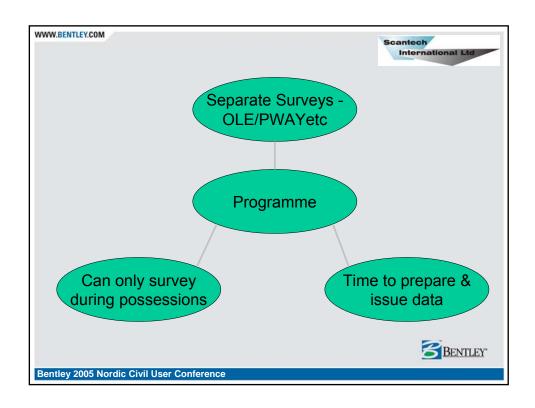


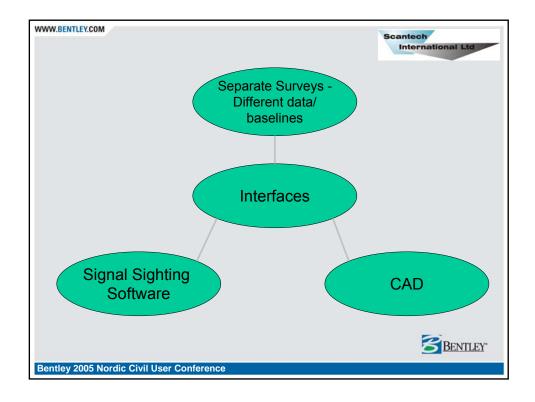


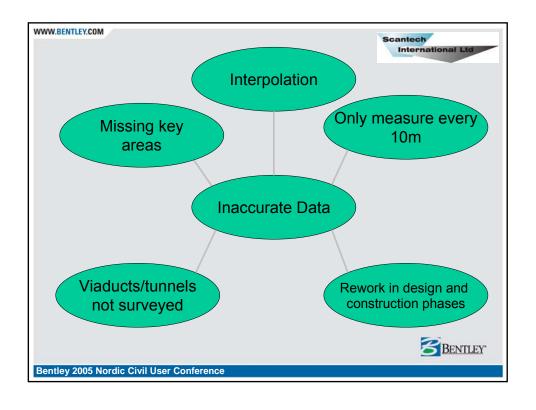


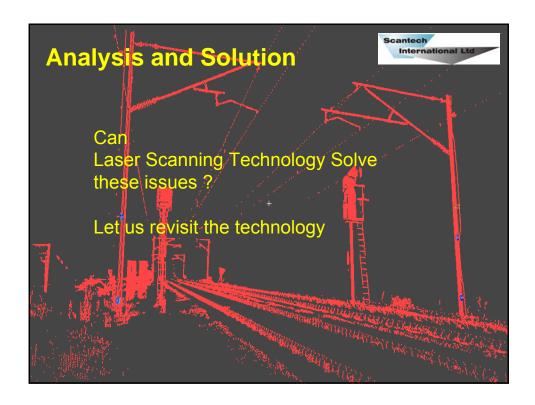


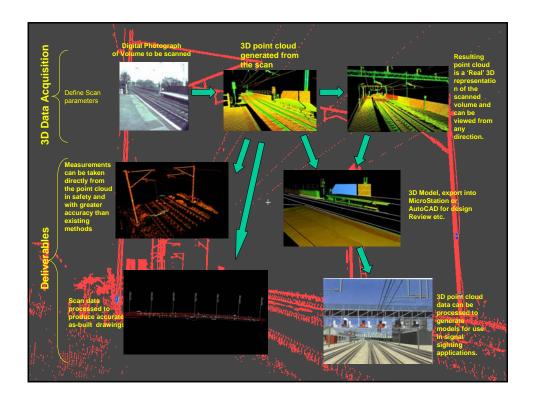


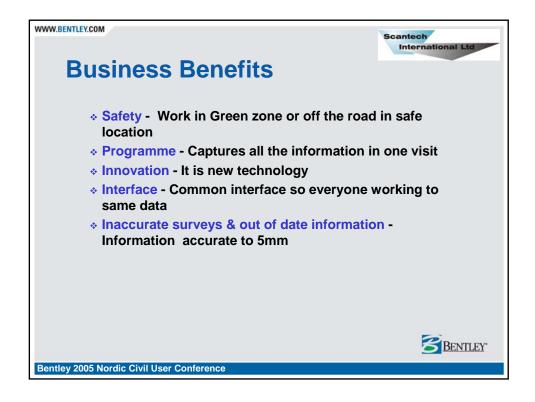




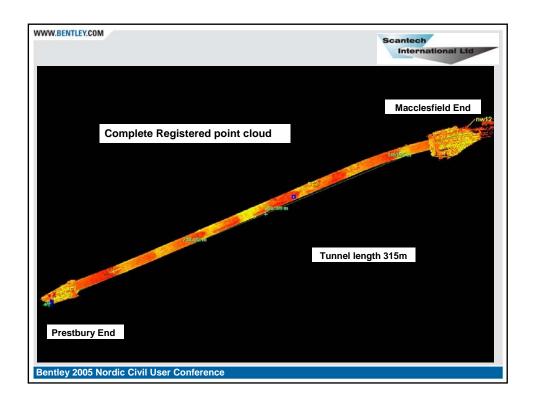








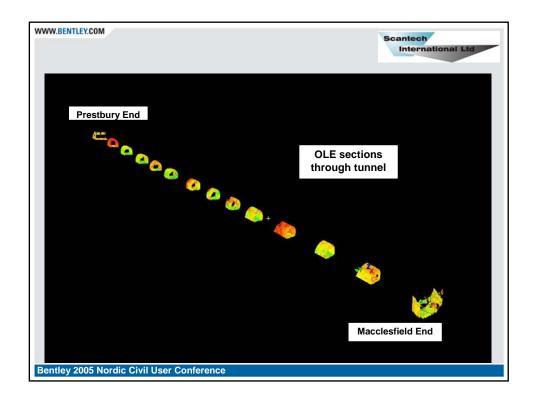


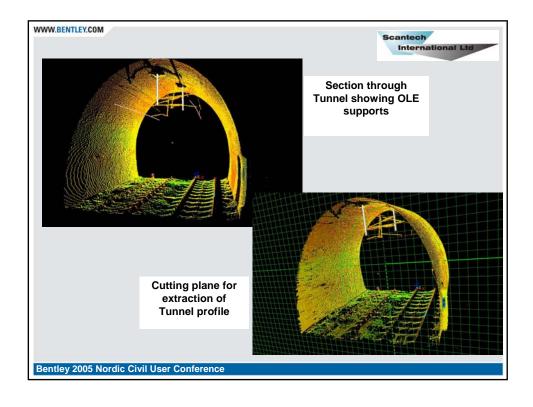


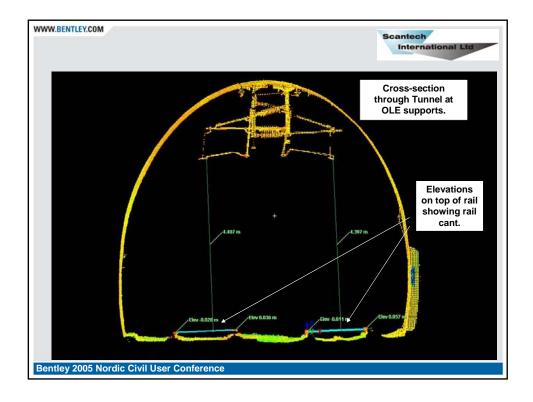


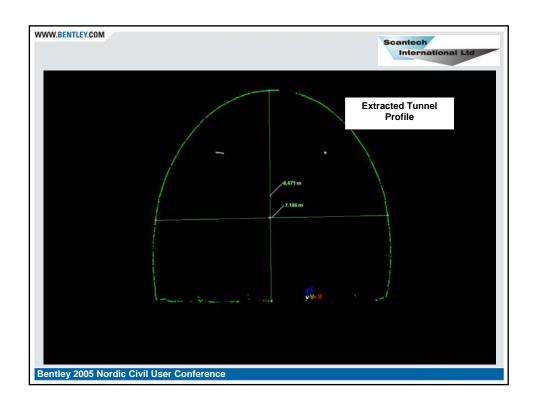


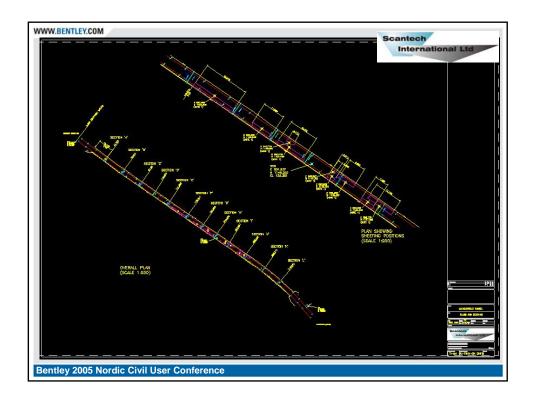


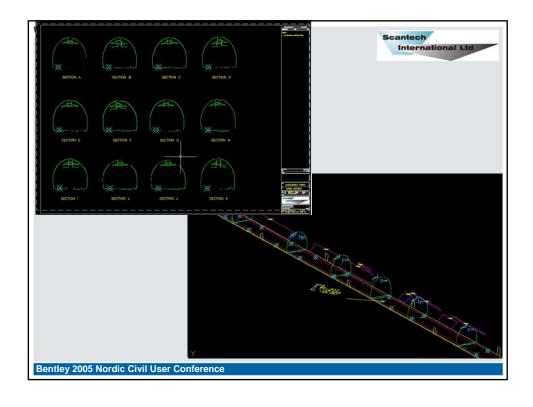


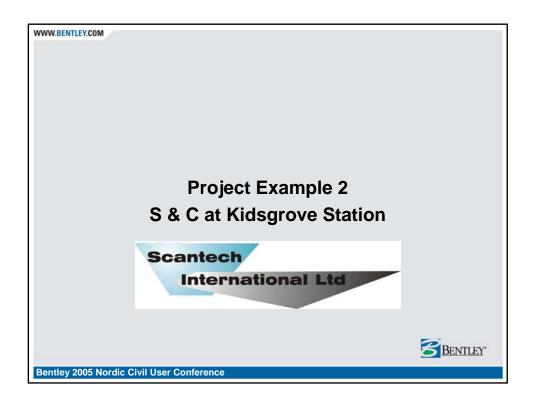


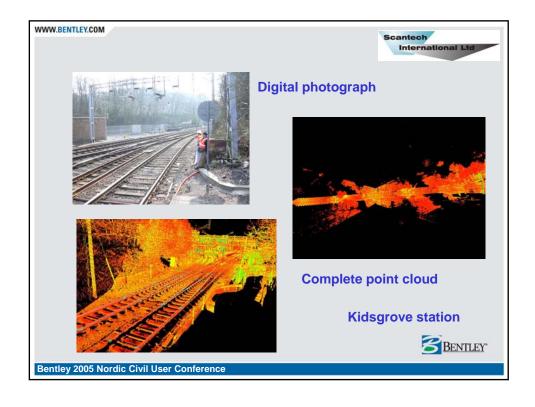


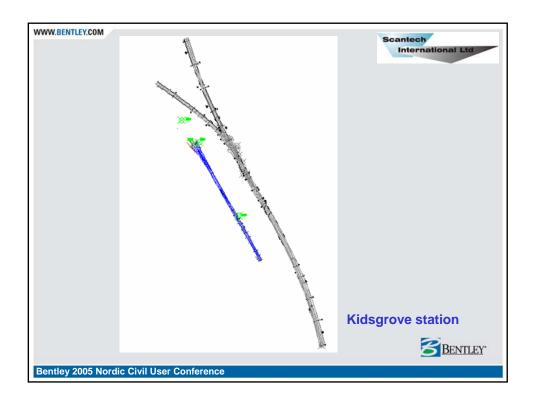


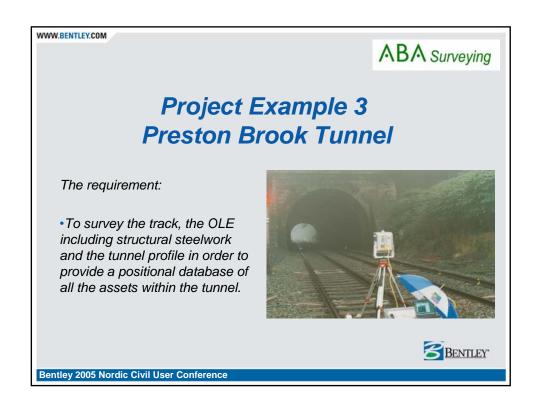


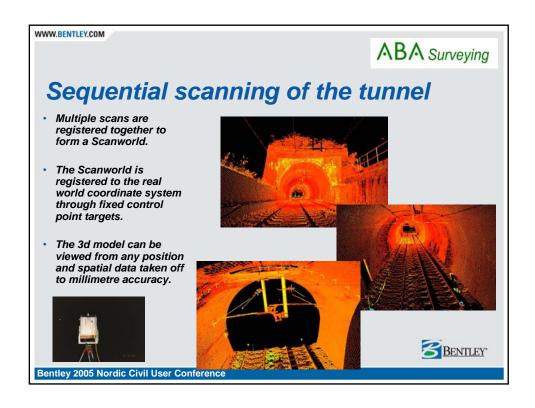


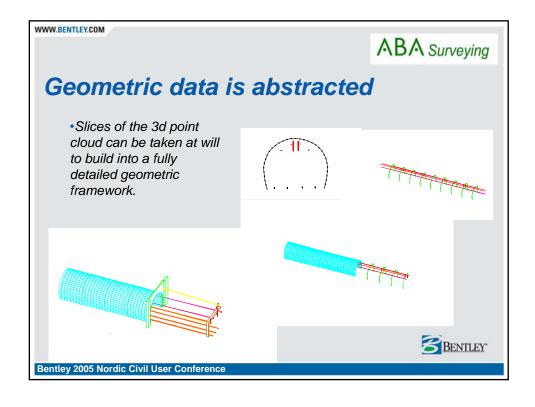


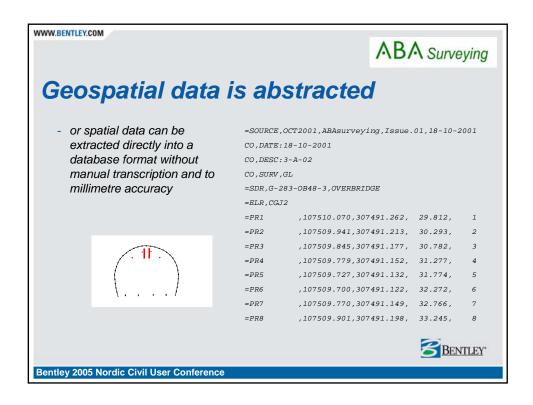




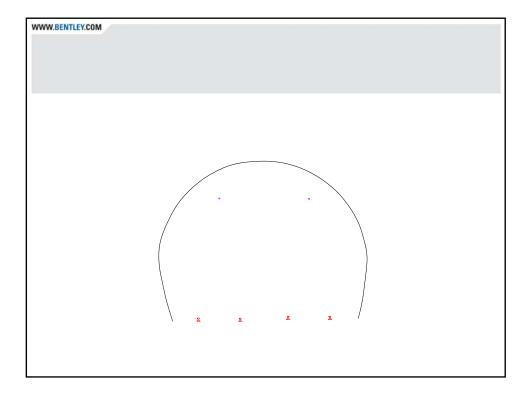


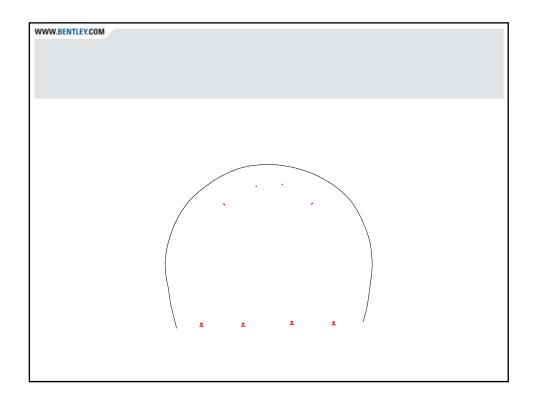


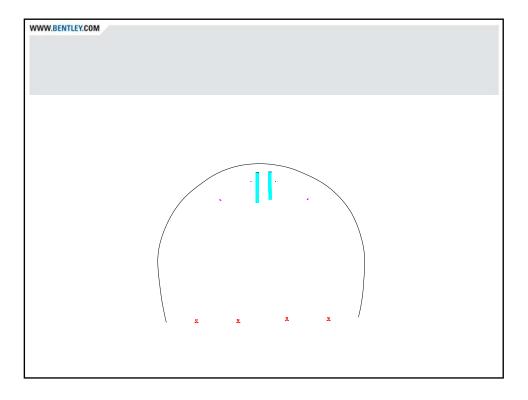


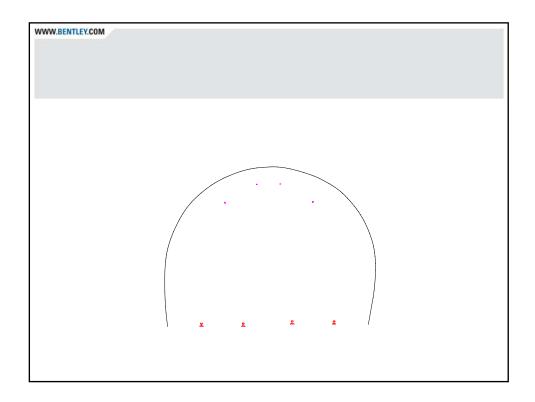


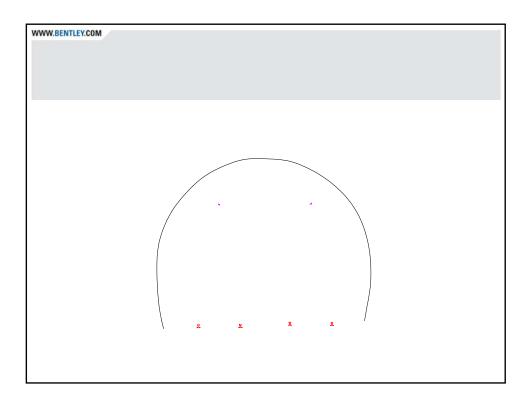


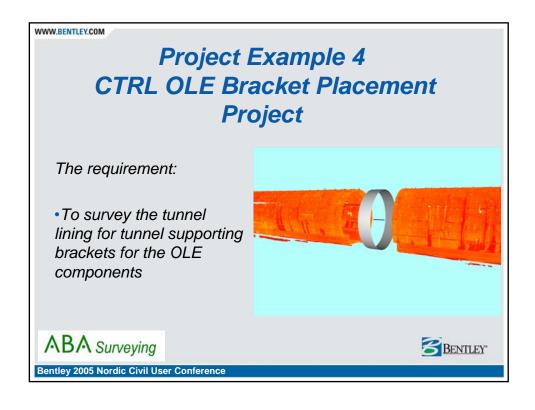






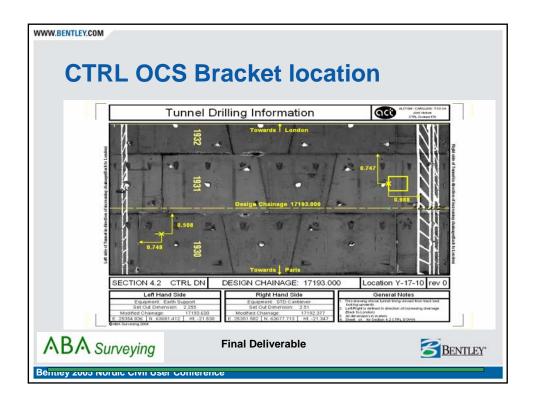


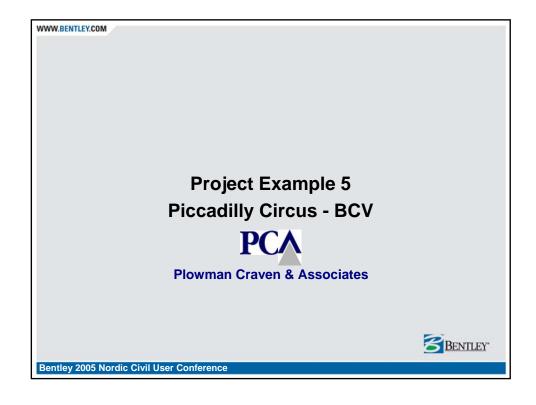


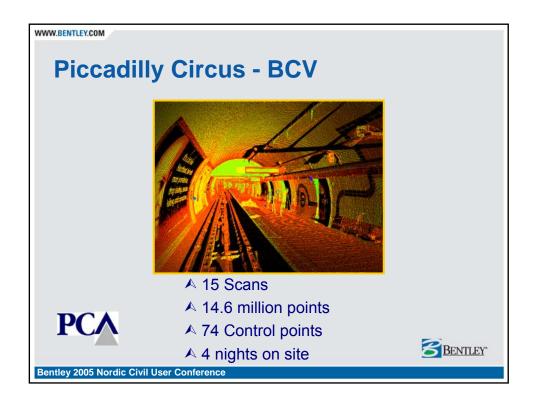


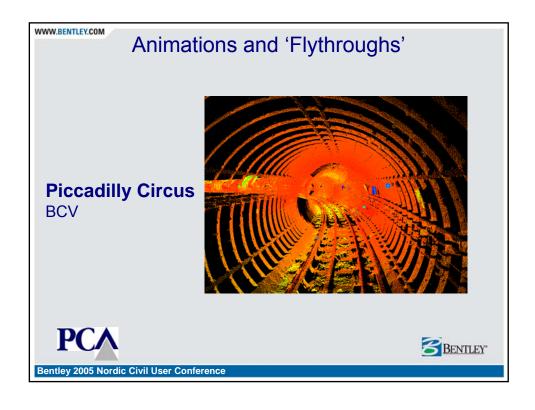


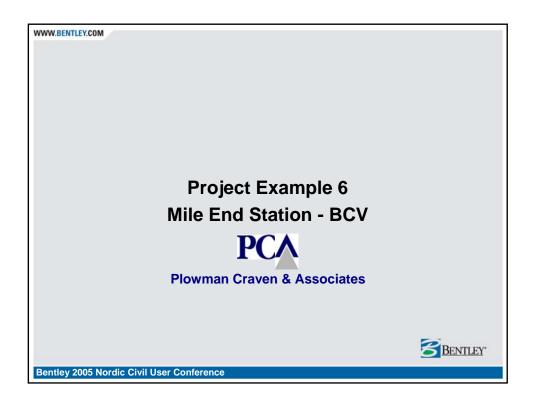


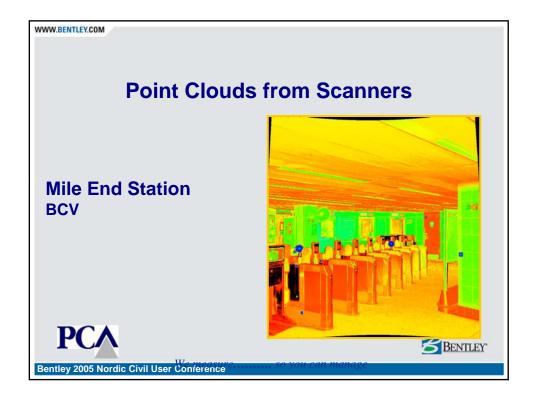


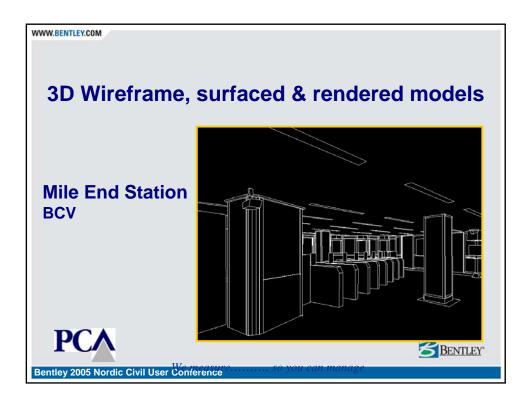


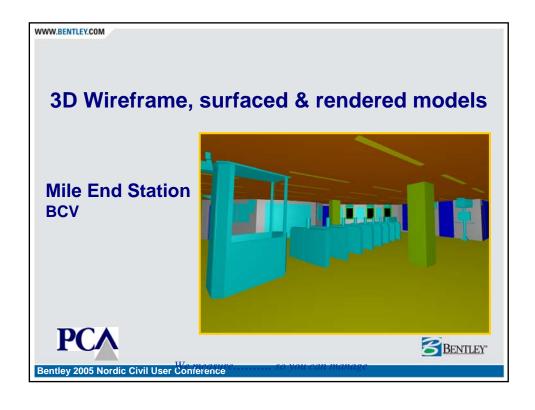


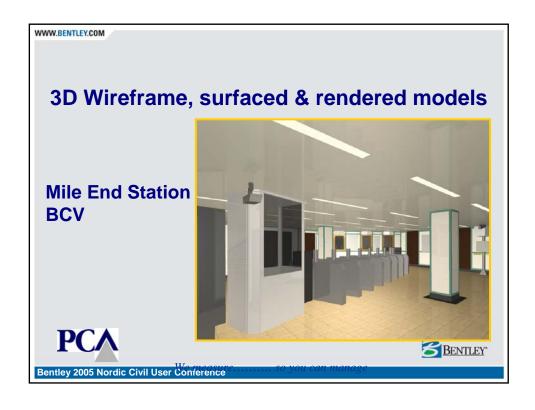


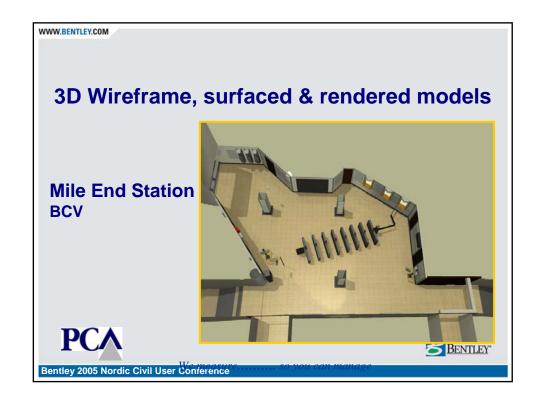


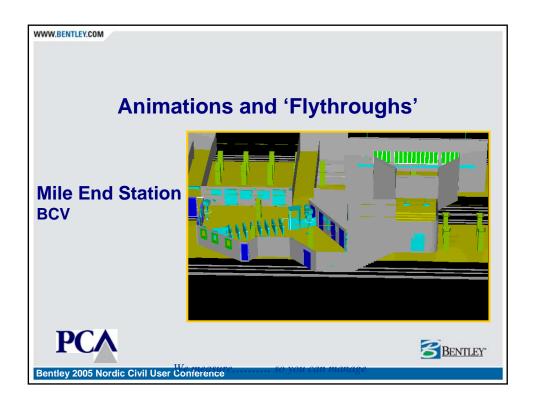


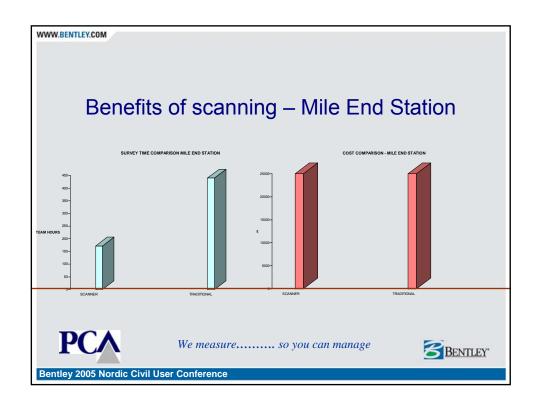


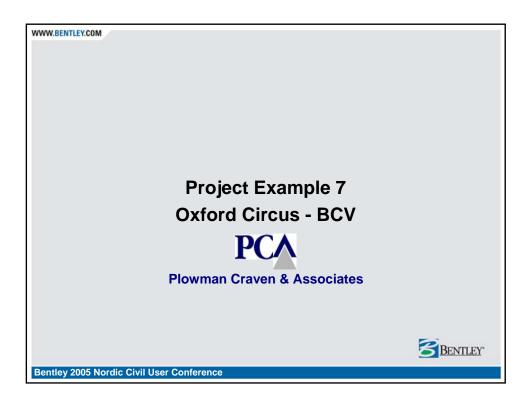


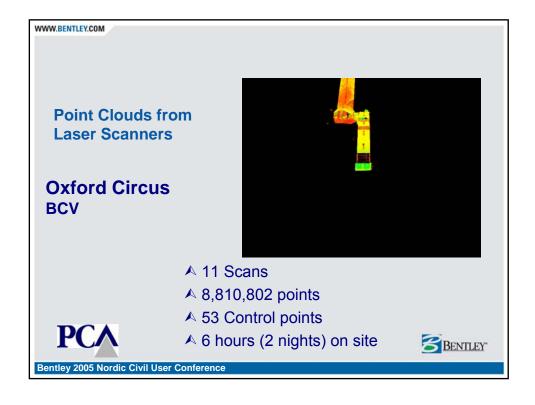


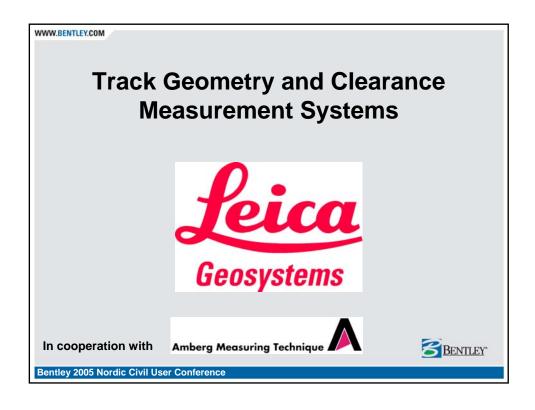












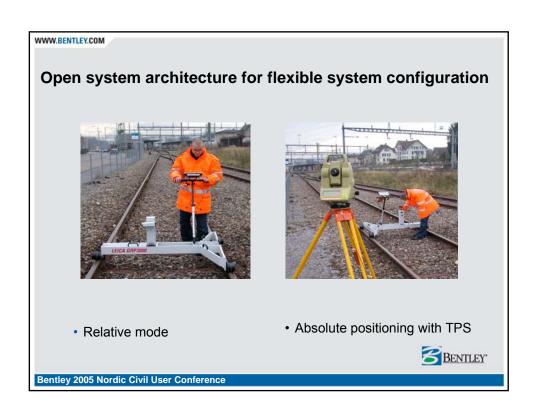


Track geometry and clearance data

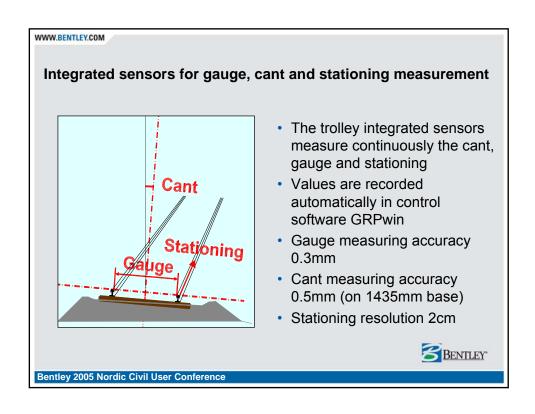


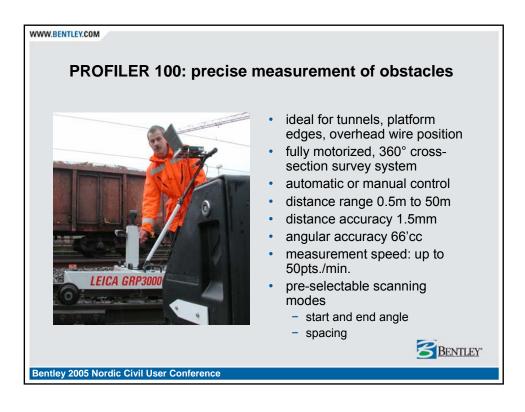
- Full track geometry in absolute 3D co-ordinates
- Automatic gauge measurement
- Automatic cant measurement
- Automatic 360° clearance cross-section measurements
- Real-time comparison of project axis to as-built track axis
- Data export to track tamper leveller-liner (Matisa / Plasser)

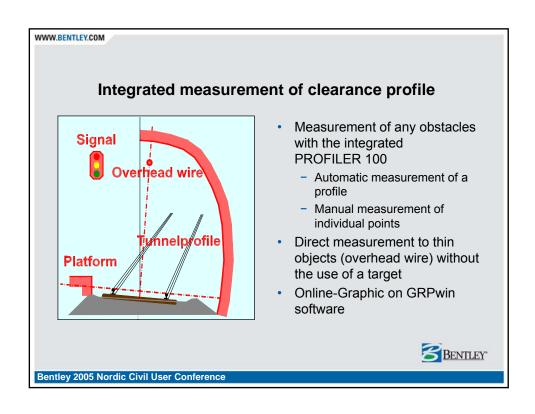




WWW.BENTLEY.COM Track trolley: on the move including gauge and cant values Rugged, compact high precision aluminium frame track trolley delivered with calibration certificate integrated sensor for gauge, cant and stationing back-lit LCD display for system LEICA GRP3000 parameter control and visual sensor readings hosts radio link, battery pack and other accessories **BENTLEY** Bentley 2005 Nordic Civil User Conference







New high speed or existing old lines for LEICA GRP3000



New high speed railway lines

- high precision track positioning
- Offset tables for track tamper guidance
- track axis, gauge, cant and clearance control
- quality control / final acceptance

Existing railway lines

- assessment of existing track geometry and clearance
- data for track axis optimisation
- track alignment control according to optimised project axis



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GRP3000: Production performance

Production rate:

- typical system setup time -
- track survey / hour -
- clearance cross-sections / hour
- typical battery power endurance
- manpower required
- accuracy of track geometry

15 min.

1500m track / 200 axis points

45 cross-sections with 50 pts.ea.

5 hours (with one set)

1 surveyor, 1 survey assistant

< 2mm at 300m distance with TPS



GRP 5000: Laser Scanner LEICA HDS4500

- Highest scanning speed with up to 33 cross-section per second
- Each cross-section up to 20'000 points
- Maximum distance frequency 625'000 points per second
- Accuracy in cross-section 10mm
- Range 0.8m to 25.3m





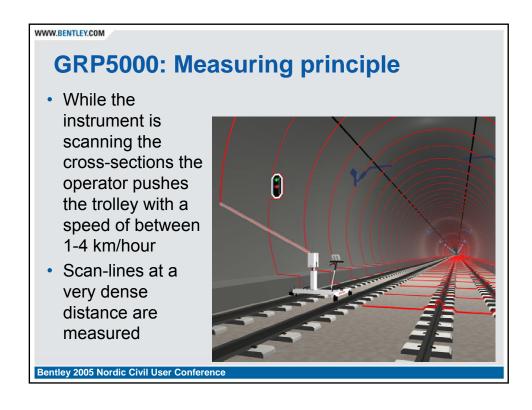
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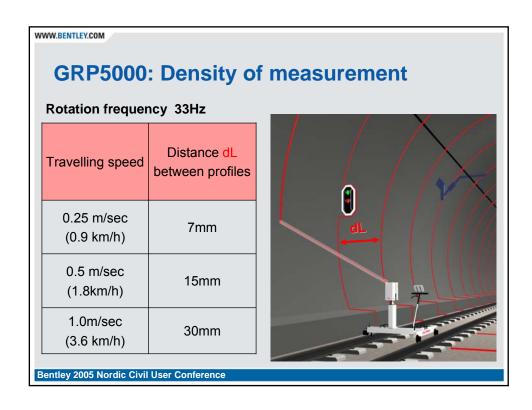
GRP5000: track gauging trolley

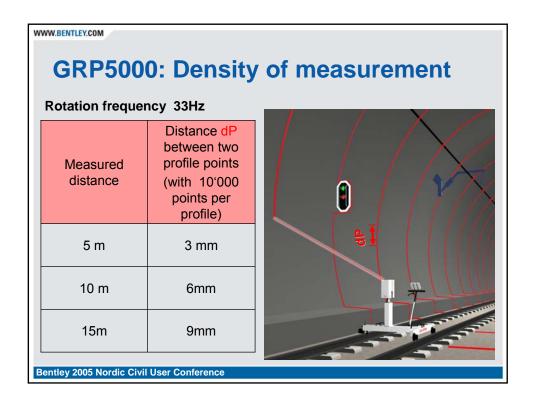
- Integrated sensors for stationing and gauge measurement
 - -Stationing accuracy 2cm
 - -Gauge measurement accuracy 0.3mm
- Integrated power supply from rechargeable batteries
 - Approx 5 hrs of continuous operation
 - -Exchangeable
- Adaptable to different nominal gauges from 1.000m to 1.670m

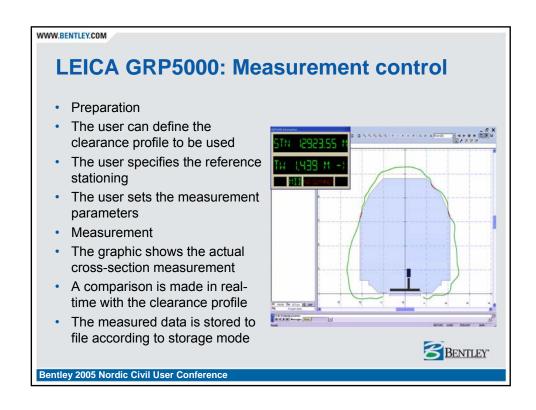












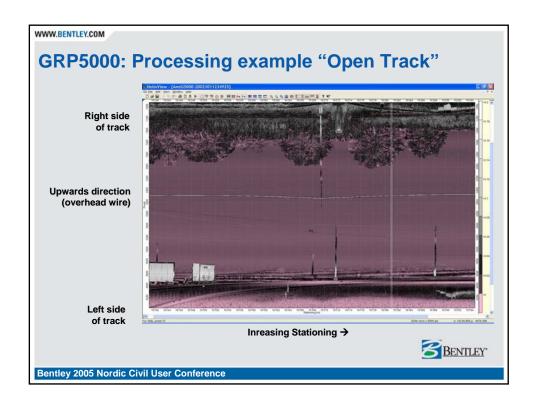
LEICA GRP5000: 3 different storage modes

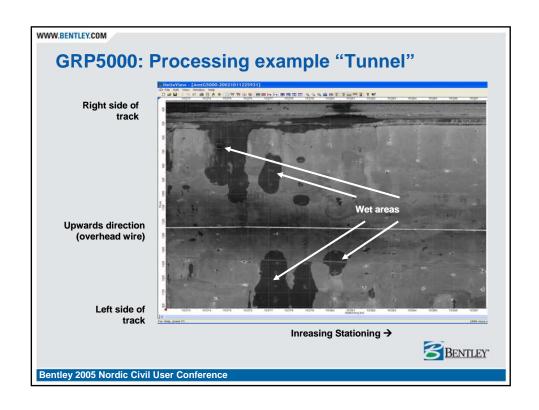
- Three different storage modes:
- Continuous storage of all measurements (continuous operation)
 - All the measured points are stored continuously to the file with greyscale and geometrical information
- Interval storage (continuous operation)
 - The user sets the storage interval (e.g. 5 meters) and the integration specifications (e.g. ±2.5 meters)
 - One cross-section is stored in the specified storage interval as minimum and maximum profile (only geometrical information)
- Snap-shot storage
 - The user "searches" the interesting points / narrow spots with the help of the on-line graphic
 - Whenever the cross-section is required to measure, he stores that measurement to file (only geometrical information)

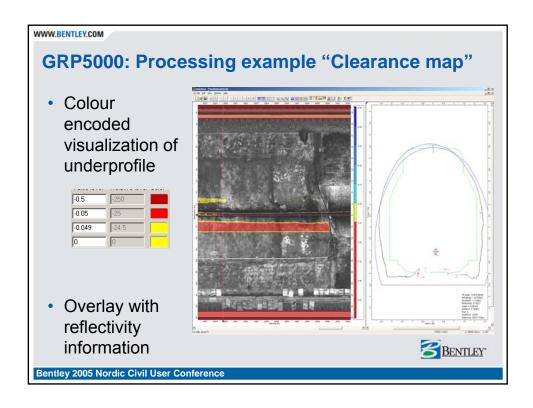


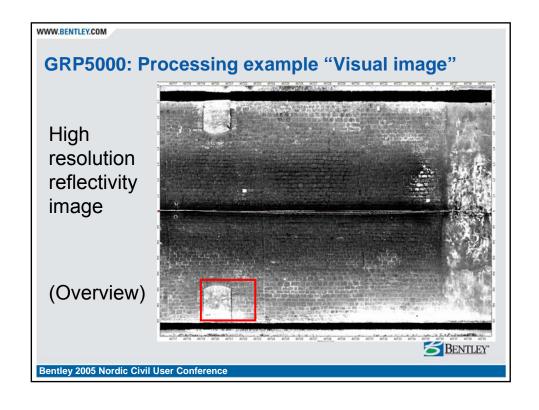
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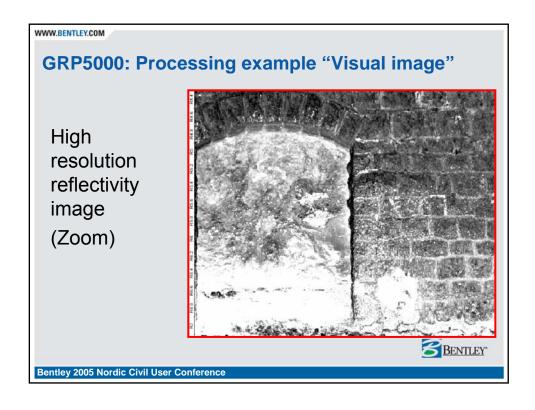
LEICA GRP5000: Processing procedure Data is normalized to - projection system (cylinder, tunnel profile, plan-view, others) - Correct stationing Reflectivity information is used for greyscale / false colour image User selects viewing window User select specific location (stationing for cross-section)

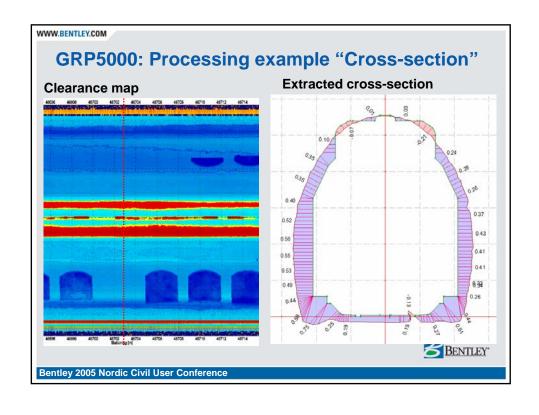












LEICA GRP5000: Summary

- Productivity 1-4km / hr
- Point density 5mm to 10mm
- Greyscale information
- · Geometric information
- Portable and light weight
- · Fully battery operated
- Tailored measurement and processing software
- Simple handling





